1	INDIANA GAMING COMMISSION HEARINGS
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3	MAY 7, 1996
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5	PRESENTATION BY HORSESHOE CASINOS (INDIANA)
6	2:45 P.M.
7	
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9	
10	PARTIAL TRANSCRIPT OF QUESTION AND ANSWER
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12	(THE REMAINDER OF PRESENTATION TO FOLLOW)
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ALAN KLINEMAN: We are here to receive the presentation of Horseshoe Casinos Indiana LLC.

If you would commence, identify yourself please.

TERRY MUMFORD: Commission Members, I'm Terry Mumford, and I am very excited today to be the one who kicks off the Horseshoe Presentation. For the past six months I have lived and breathed this project, and there are so many things that I would like to tell you it's hard for me to know where to begin. So I will begin with you where I began, and that was when Ice Miller decided to join the Horseshoe team. We did that for two reasons: First, we met Jack Binion and liked his ap-

proach to the project; most importantly, we liked the project itself. Jack Binion's approach is always to have top quality and give the best value. He has assembled a team for us to work with made up of the highest quality people.

I've worked with them and spent more time with them in 1996 than I have with my husband and my four children, and I can assure you that what you have here before you is a very valuable project and one that is very well thought out.

The second reason that Ice
Miller got involved with the Horseshoe project is because of the
project itself. I was one of the
chief lobbiest on the riverboat
legislation in 1993 and I knew how
important it was to southern

Indiana legislators that we have destination resorts, ās a result of that legislation, particularly on the Ohio. I also had observed how difficult it was to achieve three destination resorts in Indiana, but I am very pleased and very happy to be able to tell you that this is it. This is the true destination resort that was envisioned back in 1993 when the legislation was passed. This is a true destination resort because we have the right site, we have the right access, and we have the right development plan. The other thing that legislators talked to me about back in 1993 was economic impact and revenues. This project, because of its configuration, because of its site will have re-

gional economic impact, and Horseshoe has gone further and guaranteed
through the revenue sharing formula
which is the most generous for
the county of Harrison County, but
also will have regional impact
because we share revenues outside
the county.

But let me go back to the team that I've been working with.

As I've told you, they know all there is to know about this project, and they're the ones who would make this project a reality for Indiana. Most importantly, this is the team which has made Horseshoe the number one performer in Mississippi and Louisiana.

For all the reasons that I've learned since I've been working on the project, I'm absolutely

convinced that Horseshoe is the right choice for Harrison County and for the State of Indiana.

But you have a long decision-making process ahead of you so let me let you begin where I began and that is with meeting Jack Binion.

JACK BINION: Good afternoon.

I'm Jack Binion. I'm Chairman of

Horseshoe Gaming. Horseshoe was

the first gaming company to invest

in Harrison County. We've been

working on this project for over

two years. It is by far our com
pany's most important project.

You know, maybe because riverboats

are so new, everybody just thinks

about the next two or three years.

But this is gonna have a long,

far-reaching economic impact on Harrison County for a long, long time. Horseshoe Gaming and I personally am totally committed to the long term. After all, my grand nieces and nephews and my grandchildren have a substantial part of this business. I care what happens twenty, thirty, even fifty years down the road. want to be the most competitive casino in the State of Indiana, just like we are in the other areas. Our focus just isn't on Louisville where people are just gonna come over, stay a few hours and go back home. We want our customers to come from hundreds of miles away. The customer who is thinking about maybe going to Metropolis, Peoria, Lawrenceburg, even Las Vegas, we

want them to come here. We want
to build up so much customer loyalty
and volume and even if Loisville
gets gambling, we're still a
viable destination. But like I
said, we're gonna be the most competitive casino in Indiana.

I'm now gonna turn you over
to our management team for more
detailed description of our project.
You know, I've been in the gambling
business all my adult life. I've
been the President of the Horseshoe
in Las Vegas for over thirty-three
years. When you've been around
as long as I have you get to know
good management. And with this
rapid expansion of gaming, good
management is in short supply.
By making them my partners in the
business, I've been able to put

put together a great management team and we've been very successful in other areas. I'm really proud of them. Now, with that, I'll turn over Paul Alanis, our President.

PAUL ALANIS: Thank you, Jack.

Good afternoon, my name is
Paul Alanis and I am President of
Horseshoe Gaming.

The management team that

Jack just described came to

Harrison County two years ago. It

was our mission to find the best

possible site for the casino hotel

development that we were interested

in bringing to this community.

We were not committed to any spe
cific site and since we were the

the first casino company to come to the area, we had a host of sites available to us. From Bridgeport to Mauckport and in between. first focused in on the Bridgeport area; it seemed the obvious choice since as the crow flies it is the closest to downtown Louisville. However, as we studied the situation more carefully and as we talked to the local experts, we began to realize that the Bridgeport sites had problems. Problems which caused that advantage to be just that, a matter of perception, not reality. Because people cannot get to the Bridgeport area like crows do, they have to drive there along established roadways and through existing communities. And the existing congestion along

the only road and at the major intersections leading to Bridgeport from downtown Louisville was already a problem. When you added to that the traffic that would be generated by a major hotel and casino development, we determined that we had to look elsewhere. We looked throughout the county along the Ohio River and we ultimately came to Mauckport and found the ideal site. It was flat, buildable and free from environ-It had even been mental problems. permitted by the Corps of Engineers for a marina development. Best of all, it has superb access, not just from Louisville but in all directions. That site in Mauckport is the site which we are presenting to you today. While admit-

tedly, slightly farther from downtown Louisville than Bridgeport, we considered this to be immaterial. Why? Because who ever opens in Harrison County will capture the entire Louisville market. the easy part. The hard part is turning this project into a genuine regional destination resort. has been our objective from day one and it was our reading of the legislature's intent when they adopted riverboat gaming and sought broad based regional economic developement and tourism. We can achieve that here in Mauckport. We have over six hundred acres under our control, enough to build not only our project, but to continue to expand and improve it in the future to assure that that

economic development is long term.

At this point I'd like to introduce to you Cliff Kortman, he is the head of development and construction for Horseshoe Gaming and he's going to tell you about the project that we plan to develop on that site in Mauckport.

Thank you.

CLIFF KORTMAN: Than you, Paul.

Members of the Commission,
my name is Cliff Kortman and I'm
the Director of Development for
Horseshoe Gaming. I have with me
today the principal of
Associates, our architectural
firm that will help me with some
of these boards and models. By
way of introduction, let me tell

you a little bit about myself. have over twenty years of experience in this business. I've had the opportunity to travel and work in over seventeen states on various and diversified projects. I have management and technical experience in road and highway construction, law and retail work, multi-use convention, high rise, river and bank stabilization, hospitality and hotel construction. More important than anything, I have experience in riverboat and casino development. I was the guy that several years ago planned, budgetrd and opened both of our properties in Bosier City Louisiana and Tunica, Mississippi. So let's talk a little bit about our project here today. Site access from

Interstate 64 is a simple righthand turn onto a four-lane divided roadway that bypasses Corydon. Just outside of principle retail community in Corydon, the road is well shouldered, two-lane and will deliver the patron approximately fifteen miles into Mauckport. From Kentucky and western Louisville patrons will cross the Matthew Welsh Bridge and make a right turn into our complex. Where these two traffic patterns merge the first infrastructure change will occur, specifically a widening of State Road 135. At this intersection, a turning lane will be provided up from the right and a controlled or protected lefthand turn lane from Corydon. you come into the site you will be

greeted by a divided, two-lane highway highway. This will deliver patrons to our property or to the community of Mauckport they may go to surface parking areas and to covered parking areas underneath the garage, along State Road 11, into the port a cochere drop off area here or on up Lopp They also will have Circle Road. access to this parking area here, the retail community center, and the 18-hole championship golf Through the use of modern course. technology, let me take you on a brief overview of our project.

(VISUAL ONLY)

(VIDEO PRESENTATION)

As the customer comes into the property he will have three options on parking. Hē will have

the opportunity to self park in a surface parking lot, he will also have the opportunity to park in our enclosed and covered garage, or he can drop off at the porte cochere. We offer free valet parking. As you come from the porte cochère yoù enter our pavilion building. Our pavilion building. As you enter the pavilion building, amenities included in this are would be retail outlets, entertainment areas, a working blacksmith shop, and a museum where local artifacts would be on display. In addition, there will be two restaurants in this area. A buffet and a steakhouse for which we are famous. Immediately adjacent to this area will be meeting rooms, banquet rooms, a four-hundred seat theatre, all of

which will be built on a elevenhundred car parking garage that is entirely below this area. parking garage will be well lit and be highly secure. The hotel a three-hundred room all suite hotel, will feature a room that is approximately five hundred and fifty square feet in size, which is about standard the size of a normal room. As you can see from the rendering this room will be among the finest in the State of Likewise, our riverboat, Indiana. named the Pride of Indiana, will be elaborately furnished. She will feature high ceiling elements, custom casino carpets, crystal chandeliers, non-gaming areas, restaurants, and non-smoking sec-The Pride of Indiana will tions.

cruise along the banks of Ohio, outside of the navigation channel but within the boundary of the Indiana State line. We have the opportunity to cruise down river, turn around, come back to the dock or continue on up river, turn around and come back to the dock. We have any number and variety of cruises available and the distance is approximately five miles to thirteen miles. All of this principal development here is located on forty-two acre parcel that is already permitted with the Corps of Engineers. It's correct, it's already permitted with the Corps of Engineers for a marina and site work improvements. This principal development does not have wetlands. As a matter of fact, of the six

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hundred and fifteen acres that we now control, 1.59 acres are considered impacted jurisdictional That's one quarter of weapons. one percent. As you know we have entered into development agreements with Harrison County and with the Town of Mauckport. Certain infrastructure changes will occur as a result of that agreement. water will come from the South Harrison Water Treatment Facility. We will fund the design and construction of sixty miles of new pipeline, two water storage facilities, one off of Merk Road and one at our site. Additionally, a waste water treatment facility will be designed and constructed to handle the needs not only of our property but for future expansion

plans of our property, the Town of Mauckport, the expansion plans and expansion opportunities for Mauckport and areas other communities in the area. Two other elements of our development of the 18-hole championship golf course and the community commercial center. I'd like to tell you something about the golf course but actually I'm not very qualified. So I'd like to introduce somebody that is qualified who really needs no introduction in this room.

Ladies and gentlemen, Mr. Fuzzy Zoeller.

FUZZY ZOELLER: Thank you very much.

I will guarantee -- always
a pleasure seeing you golfers and
ladies -- I will guarantee that --

well, I have to say "ladies" because my wife plays the game too. Guarantee on this, when we design a golf course you see a lot of water and sand and my main goal and objective when we do a golf course is to think of the amateur golfer. All right. Amateur golfers are the ones who pay the bill and I want people to understand this will be a public golf course. All right. Don't get intimidated by the water. I put water in and sand traps just for the beauty as you see here. It's just to add, it's like decorating a Christmas tree, putting the ornaments on the tree, just for beauty, not to catch your wild ugly looking golf shots, or my wild and ugly looking golf shots, but strictly just for

the beauty. This golf course --I hate to use the word "championship" because I don't like to run anybody away from the game. will not be built as a monument, this will be a golf course that's built for people to play whether you be a high handicapper or low handicapper, male or female, you will enjoy the golf course. just another added amenity that Mr. Binion and the Horseshoe group has added. And I am -- it's a pleasure for me to be involved with it. As for myself, I've been born and raised in this State, I'm very proud of this State and I'm proud of southern Indiana, this is my home. This is where I call And I can't say what an opportunity this is for me to be in-

volved in this. But as for Jack Binion, I've known Jack Binion for nine years and I must tell you people that if there is an Arnold Palmer and Jack Nicklaus in this business, Mr. Binion is the one.

I thank you for your time and may all your birdies fall in. Thank you.

JACK BINION: Thank you, Fuzzy.

SLCB Gaming is a partner of ours. They will be actively involved in the planning, design, construction and development of our community retail center. I would like to now introduce to you Mr. Jeff Cohen, a partner in SLCB Gaming. Jeff.

JEFF COHEN: Thank you. Commission Members, Mr. Thar, my name is Jeff Cohen. I'm a partner in the law firm of Johnson Smith. However, I am here today as an investor in SLCG Gaming. My partners in SLCB Gaming are Steve Simon, from Simon Property Group, Michael Browning from Browning Investments and Janel Lakin. We have a twelve percent interest in this project. I've had the opportunity over the last three years to proudly review fifty gaming opportunities for the Simons and others. We have taken this process very seriously. Our reputation is on the line in any project that we get involved with. believe that this is the right project for the State of Indiana.

Let me tell you why we selected Horseshoe Gaming over the other Number one; Mauckport applicants. is the right location for destination resort. Nine out of ten towns in Harrison County have endorsed the Mauckport site. If you look at the county referendum the people in Bridgeport, the majority did not vote for gaming in a positive way. The people in Mauckport did. That was extremely important to us because we wanted to be involved in a project where the local community wanted our development. The second reason we selected Horseshoe Gaming was they know how to compete with the best. They are the number one riverboat operator in both Mississippi and Louisiana. Every applicant pre-

senting today and tomorrow in Harrison County competes in the Mississippi and Louisiana market, and Horseshoe is number one in both markets. That was important to us because we wanted a partner that we knew could compete in the long term. Number three; we like Jack Binion. He's a good guy. We've met a lot of gaming companies their representatives over the last three years, and he is a class He believes in people and act. that is the philosophy that we believe in. He believes in his employees and he trusts employees to run his business. And we're confident that with that philosophy, that is what has made Jack Binion as successful as he is today. And, finally, we wanted a gaming

partner that was committed to a project. Horseshoe Gaming is one hundred percent committed to Harrison County. They have done everything necessary to prepare this project to be opened. have had a local office in the community for eighteen months. They've become a part of the com-They've contributed thoumunity. sands of dollars to local organi-They've gone out and zations. found Fuzzy Zoeller to develop a golf course. They've come to us to assist them with a community center. They have done every single thing possible today to prepare themselves for this project. Let me tell you what our role is in this project: We're going to invest three million dol-

lars in the project. We are also going to develop and lease a sixty thousand square foot community center. The community center will have retail aspects that we have Simon Property Group, the largest real estate developer in the United States to assist us in the retail aspects. We will also have community aspects to the retail set up. It will have a child care facility for employees. will have an urgent medical care clinic. It will have a police substation. We understand what is right for large communities and what is right for small communities and we will build a community center that is right for Harrison County. In summary, I'd just like to say that after three years of

experience in the gaming market, and there being approximately fifty gaming opportunities, we are confident in the decision that we have made in partnering with Horseshoe Gaming.

I'd be happy to answer any questions at a later time and I now let Cliff finish the presentation. Thank you.

CLIFF KORTMAN: Thank you, Jeff.

What you see before you is what we plan to build. It is covered here in its presentation and it's covered in our application. Two years ago we finished building in Bosier City. We're building again in Bosier City. We're building additional hotel

rooms, parking garages, public Likewise, in Tunica, we areas. are in the throes of a major expansion there. We opened that facility about thirteen or fourteen months ago. So we're giving back and we're master planning, we're going forward with additional things. For long term planners, we're master planners. We have future plans here also. I'd like to show you just a couple of those plans. This is a five hundred This does not include room hotel. the two hundred rooms that we've already committed to build. is five hundred additional all suite rooms. This is an expanded pavilion building, this is one hundred square feet of retail space. This is an enlarged river-

boat. What's not referred to on the rendering here is shown in the rendering here as our commitment to build a 9-hole golf course and the RV park. We're here for the long term. I'd like to thank you for allowing me to share the opportunity here with you.

Thanks.

PAUL ALANIS: To continue
our presentation I'd like to tell
you about the economic impact
that this project will have on
this region, southern Indiana and
also about some of the benefit
programs that are part of our
application and that are critical,
I think to your evaluation of us.
Before I begin I want to correct:
it's three hundred rooms. I knew

you'd ask me on questions and answers.

A couple of other questions that I might anticipate and so I'll try to answer them now are: Can Horseshoe successfully build a hundred and ninety-seven million dollar project? Do we have the expertise to do that? Do we have the financial wherewithall to do that? Because this is indeed a hundred and ninety-seven million dollar project, fully thirty million dollars more than any other project that you've issued a certificate of suitability so far for. Lawrenceburg being the largest. So the issue as to our capability as a developer and our capability from a financial standpoint I can say that we are abso-

lutely capable in both regards. You've heard about Cliff's background and my background is also in development. All suite hotel development and firm before I joined Jack was one of the most successful builders of Embassy Suites in the United States. we have successfully designed and well executed and completed two projects in Bosier City and Tunica which are the best performing casinos in those respective states. As to our financial capability, we aren't the biggest company that will appear before you, but we may be out here David to trying to slay Goliath as it relates to our financial commitment to this project and to Harrison County because I don't think anyone has

made more of a financial commitment than we. Of the hundred and ninety-seven million dollars of project costs, forty-three percent of it is represented in equity. That is eighty-six million dollars and we have already invested that money into financial institutions, the banks here in the State of Indiana, and it is our commitment to you that if awarded a certificate of suitability we will not withdraw those funds except for the specific purpose of building this project and completing it. remaining hundred and eleven million dollars is represented by three firm loan commitments: The first is from Debis Financial which is a subsidiary of Mercedes Benz Credit; the second is from Hanwa Company Ltd., and I think it's important to note that with

respect to these two loan commitments that these are our existing lenders. So it demonstrates their confidence not only in this project but in Horseshoe. The final eleven million dollars is represented by Equipment Financing from IGT. Now, what does this project mean in terms of what you are really interested in and that is economic impact for this area? As you can see it's nearly a half a billion dollars. And this is only the direct impact. We're not talking about all of those indirects that come in and a type of analysis, these are the direct and economic impact from our project. To see the development investment of a hundred and ninety-seven million fixed incentives of seven point six, and revenue sharing our

program which is thirty-one point eight. An important part of that I might add is that twenty million of it is guaranteed. You will hear during our presentation a lot about the fact that we stand behind what we say. We stand behind it in writing. We have guaranteed that no matter what our revenues are, under our revenue sharing program we will pay a minimum of four million dollars a year to Harrison County, and that is represented by that line of guarantee portion of the revenue sharing. Finally, we will pay taxes over the first five years of our license, two hundred and forty-four million dollars. the difference between the total at the bottom and the top is twelve

million dollars. And what that represents is the cost of an additional two hundred all suite hotel rooms which are not part of our application and we understand because you cannot give us credit for it, but understand that in the process we have gone through with Harrison County and agreeing to a development agreement, we have agreed to build two hundred more hotel rooms, commence that construction within two years of our permanent operation and finish it one year thereafter. So that additional twelve million dollars will definitely be there. Also essential to your evaluation is what will we do for jobs in the area? And I think it's dramatic. Eighteen hundred new full-time

permanent jobs. In Bosier City we have over two thousand jobs with a thirty thousand square foot casino. In Tunica we have eighteen hundred jobs similar to here with a thirty thousand square foot casino. We will create twenty-six hundred additional indirect jobs as a result of our being here. So job creation as a result of our project will be forty-four hundred new permanent full-time Tax revenues as you've seen of two hundred and forty-four million dollars and it's broken down between the State of Indiana which will receive a hundred and sixty million dollars over the next five years and Harrison County will receive eighty-four million dollars. Now, an important part

of our project proposal is the revenue sharing program that we have. And the most important feature that I think is that it is intended to benefit the entire region. We always believed that that was the legislative intent and it is our intent as well. Harrison County has thirty-twow thousand people but there is a significant need in this entire region so that thirty-two million dollars that I just described is going to be divided among eight counties. We have determined that allocation based upon need, proximity to this County, demographics, population, and you will see that we create enormous benefits for all of the various counties over the next five years as a result of this

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program. Our formula is the most generous of any of the applicants. If you take and assume that we will win the same amount, gaming win will be the same for each applicant, you will see that the revenue sharing program that each has adopted will generate that kind of revenue sharing for Harrison County, whether it be a hundred and fifty million or two hundred and fifty million, Horseshoe is always the highest and that relates to all four applications. lieve in giving back to the community and part of that is not just in this revenue sharing program but in our foundation which we are establishing. William Henry Harrison Foundation. We are going to fund that with

point seven-five million dollars immediately after issuance of a certificate of suitability. Our idea here is to allow the community to fund projects that important to them whether they be infrastructure, whether they be civic or charitable organization and we want then to start their work before we even start business. So we are funding it immediately so that their work can begin immediately. Also part of our program is two hundred and fifty thousand which we will give to Harrison County upon certificate issuance for Toyota Magnum Program. That is so that additional businesses which are not related to us but which are important, aadda to the economic benefits here and to

the job creation, they take advantage of the nearby Toyota plant and that so businesses that can service that and work with that can be initiated here. Small businesses can be given a start. We believe in education at Horseshoe, we believe in training our employees well, but we've also been very generous as it relates to jurisdictions that we're in and in helping them with their school systems and we want to start that here as well. So we have a college scholarship program which we will fund with five hundred and sixty thousand dollars during our initial five years of opera-The way this program will work is that the number one student in each of the four high schools

here in Harrison County, plus a second student who is deemed most deserving by the faculty, will each year be given a twenty thousand dollar college scholarship by Horseshoe to the college of their choice, and upon graduation if they want to come into our industry they're guaranteed a job with us. Finally, we care about the elderly as well as the young and we are going to fund a million dollars into a program to promote and develop senior citizen housing here in the community; it's needed, we've heard the fact that this is needed, we want to help. program, again, will be with us funding and the community allocating, they'll determine where to go and who should be eligible. all of these programs I think are

what you want to hear and of course everyone will have them. But it's important to note that we didn't start doing this when we decided to make an application here in Indiana. We've been doing this kind of thing from the day we opened Bosier City, and Tunica, and actually we've been doing that kind of thing here in Harrison County since the day we arrived. We've been part of the community, we've been contributing to the community. It is part of our corporate culture and philosophy. And we have said that we will create an economic boom here, we have done that in those other communities. So I'd like to show you a short video which I think will help you understand and listen to

the citizens of Tunica and Bosier and even here in Harrison County about what we have done and how we picture here.

(VIDEO PRESENTATION)

PAM AYRES:

"I've worked for two other casinos and this is the best one. We've got very good management, they know what they're doing."

MIKE ALLEN: "The Horseshoe
in Bosier City has led riverboat
industry in the State of Louisiana
in both revenues and passenger..."

KEN MURPHREE: "Naturally our investment bankers were very interested in what our projections were for the financial performance of the property. And we have really in a significant way exceeded those expectations. Right now we

are currently to about three hundred percent of our fair share of market revenues."

PRESTON FRIEDLEY: "When the Horseshoe came in and really the department by a full twenty-five percent and it has been very successful here, but we are planning to reinvest a lot of those funds back into the county."

MYRON LOWERY: "We've got over nineteen hundred people working at Horseshoe Casino and those people are citizens of Bossier City and Shreveport and they're spending the money right here in Shreveport and Bossier City; therefore, the biggest winner is our own community. It's gratifying to be able to come to a place that gives back to the community,

that supports the community through its employment endeavors. And is also providing an economic boom for the area."

REPRESENTATIVE CHARLIE
WILLIAMS: "They are very active
in civic and charitable operations.
I can tell you that they assist
in just about everything that
comes along and they are very
generous in doing that and participating and putting a lot of the
money that they make in the gaming
industry back into our local activities."

TUT SULLIVAN: "The Horseshoe those people came in and wanted to sit down and work with you. They would say: Okay, if that's what we need to do we'll do it."

E. C. JONES: "Horseshoe has certainly been a great corporate citizen for this area and especially in the charitable part."

DON PEARSON: "We were certainly amazed at just the very few management positions that were filled from outside our community.

I would estimate that in excess of ninety-five of all the jobs were filled from local made resources."

SHERRYL TUCKER: "I went from

CAROL NORTON: "I feel that the people that Horseshoe have hired have proven that they do seem to care about the community and they're willing to work with organizations; they're sensitive

to the needs and they're sensitive to their surroundings."

really, really short on our donations. Fortunately, we got hooked up with Horseshoe Casino and they were able to come through with a contribution that really made our campaign successful. We asked them if they could help us, we had an answer within twenty-four hours, we had a contribution within forty-eight hours."

MACON RAY: They seem like a very good group to me. I think that they're very honest and very sincere and I think they have the best interest of this County and this area at heart. We felt like that they were going to be here they wanted to be a part of us

and part of the community and part of Harrison County. Maybe a little bit more so than the others."

JERRY BEAMS: That's what really convinced me that Horseshoe was kind of open-minded about their wanting to work with us.

Even like my group, the VOP, they have asked me is there anything we can do to work with you and I appreciate that. I really do.

They have made me feel like it's okay for me to have a voice."

RUSSELL PETTY: "I don't say
if you look over their records
and business dealings elsewhere,
uh, they're there to make it a
success and what seems to be a
long term success."

WALLACE MADEWELL: "I feel
like that they're what they say

they are. I think that when they say that they're going to do something, the indication is to me that they can do it."

"And I've been to all of the casinos in this community at one time or the other, and the Horseshoe exemplifies the best of the best."

I think everyone within our community would tell you that if we had an opportunity to select another casino operator, we'd be happy to have Bossier City, and I think without hesitancy we would like to see Horseshoe Casino come in again and operate within this community.

And I know it's a class operation. They're good people that work here and when they tell you something you can take that

to the bank.

(END OF VIDEO PRESENTATION

PAUL ALANIS: It's now my
pleasure to introduce to you Mike
Allen who is the head of gaming
operations for Horseshoe. Mike
is also currently serving as the
general manager in Tunica, and if
you award us the certificate of
suitability he will become the
general manager here and move to
this community.

MIKE ALLEN: Thank you, Paul.

As Paul mentioned, I will be coming, if we're fortunate enough to be granted this license, I will be coming here as general manager of the property. And I'd like to tell you a little bit about my background. I've been in the gaming

industry for twenty-five years, all of my adult life. I have worked for both small private companies and large public companies. Among them Harrah's, Trump and Carnival. And I'd like to tell you a little bit about how I came to the Horseshoe. I met Jack Binion several years ago and Jack explained to me that he wanted to take the Horseshoe brand on the road, he operated very successfully in Las Vegas for almost forty years, and wanted to take advantage of some of the opportunities in the emerging markets. I was very flattered when Jack asked me to join the company. An opportunity to work with an individual like Jack, someone who really does know this business. He's held a key

license longer than any executive in the United States today. like to at this point tell you a little bit about our experience in Tunica. I think it will demonstrate our knowledge of the industry and our ability to compete. We were the thirteenth casino to open in that market, a market that is considered by many today to be the most competitive market in the country. Our competition: Harrah's, Boyd Gaming, Bally's, Circus, and ITT Sheraton Caesar's. Some of the most respected names in the industry today. And how did we do? We're currently the number one operator in each market that we compete in. We dominate these markets. As this slide demonstrates, to the left you can

see the figures for the Horseshoe These reflect the win in Tunica. per unit per day per slot machine and how we compare to the average for the State of Mississipi, and then you can see our performance in Bossier City and how that performance compares to the average for the State of Louisiana. This next slide again demonstrates our performance on a win per table per day. Again, in Tunica, you can see how our performance levels compare to the averages for the State of Mississippi and, again, how we compare in Bossier City to the averages for Louisiana. This slide represents our market share and as you can see in the Tunica market the Horseshoe operates thirteen percent of the machines in

that market and we generate twentythree percent of the revenue in that market. In other words, our slot machines generate nearly two times the market average in revenues. This slide represents our table games, market share, in Tunica. We operate eleven percent of the tables in the market. And generate twenty-seven percent of the revenue. Our tables are nearly three times as productive as the market average. Quite an accomplishment when you consider a number of things: are the second smallest casino in that market, and we operate fewer slot machines and fewer tables than our competitors. This clearly shows, I believe, that bigger is not necessarily better, that better is better. Now, these figures il-

I'd like lustrate our success. to tell you how I believe we have accomplished this. I think one of the answers lies in the Horseshoe commitment to its employees. We provide superior wages and benefits. And by way of example in Tunica, our salaried employees average thirty-four thousand? dollars a year. Our hourly employees average ten dollars and eighty-five cents and that includes tips. And to put this into perspective, prior to the legalization of gambling in Tunica, the average household income with two wage earners was twelve thousand dollars. also have a tuition reimbursement program so that any Horseshoe employee who wants to take a class which is related to their job, the

Horseshoe will pay for that class. We have a promote from within policy. Horseshoe employees will always be given first consideration before we go to the outside. We have excellent training programs which have been developed and which are conducted by our senior management team. The Horseshoe has a record of providing meaningful opportunities for minorities and women with the company. figures are for all of Horseshoe Gaming, not just one property, and as you can see minorities represent forty-one percent of our work force and women fifty-four percent and more importantly, in supervisory and management positions, minorities hold twenty-three percent of those positions and

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women thirty-nine. I'd like to at this time introduce you to the management team that will be coming here and opening and operating this property. This is the same team that successfully opened our property in Tunica and will come here to repeat that same success. These individuals are responsible for casino operations, security, finance, hotel food and beverage, marketing, and human Their experience is resources. unparalleled. Collectively, that management team has one hundred and seventy years in the gaming hospitality industry and they have opened twenty-nine properties. is this team that looks forward to taking on this new challenge and becoming a part of this community.

At this time I'd like to present
a short video so you can hear from
someone other than myself about
the Horseshoe philosophy and history of success. Thank you.

(VIDEO PRESENTATION)

I want to tell you a little about the Horseshoe philosophy.

It's built upon a strong foundation of always putting the customer first, providing quality and genuine customer value. Back in 1957, Jack Binion started working at the Horseshoe, learning the business from the ground up.

What we always did is gave
them the best odds, higher limits,
looser slots, bigger jackpots,
more jackpots and that's been our
stock and trade. This is my home.

The Horseshoe is my home. So I want to impress him, I want him to go away with a good feeling. I want this attention to detail; that's what I tell everybody. In 1991 Jack took the show on the road. He passed up more obvious opportunities like New Orleans in favor of the best location and the right development.

We wanted to see if the
Horseshoe would work, the Horseshoe formula - I guess you'd call
it a formula - marketing strategy
would work in these other areas.
And obviously it's worked very
well because we have the best boat
and best boat in Louisiana and
the best one in Mississippi.

It really comes from the tradition that Jack and his father

built up around the Horseshoe for
the last forty years and that is
that if you want it to come to a
place they gave you the best value
for your dollar, that was an enjoyable atmosphere, people treated
you nicely and treated you well
and was good food. You know, an
enjoyable entertainment experience,
come to the Horseshoe.

The Horseshoe's next development in Mississippi demonstrates
another important principal in
Jack's philosophy toward development. The Horseshoe is a long
term player.

We do think about the long term. We're not conscious or concerned about each dollar as it comes in. We really do look to developing relationships with com-

munities that we go into, with our customers, with our employees, and we want to be in the business for the long term.

The ability to consistently operate a superior casino requires superior talent and leadership.

Jack found the best talent and did more than just hire them. He made them partners. People who shared the Horseshoe philosophy of customer service, value and a commitment to hard work. With these principles the Horseshoe has grown to become one of the most successful gaming companies in the emerging gaming markets.

What they've been able to successfully do was to transfer a concept that they had in Las Vegas that has worked obviously extra-

ordinarily successful for them in the operation of Binion's Horse-shoe in Las Vegas and have been able to successfully translate that concept, that marketing theme, that marketing strategy to emerging markets throughout the country.

We feel that Jack's product is a better mousetrap. We feel that it does have the ability to be duplicated in many markets and the ability to be a very strong debt and equity story. All you have to do is go there and you see it. You just have a better box, better ... it's from there. People know they're getting good value from their money. They're getting the best odds, the food is fresh, and good value, the place is clean. All you have to do is

go to a Jack Binion facility and go to the place to the right and to the left, and it's a clear choice.

They go head to head against such competition as Harrah's, ITT Sheraton, Circus-Circus, Hollywood, Boyd Gaming. These are not lightweights in the gaming world of competition and the stakes are quite high. These markets as I said are very profitable. They have been able to be number one in both of those markets. To me that really says it all in their ability to translate what they have in Las Vegas to these other markets.

And you can look at it on the one per slot, you can look at it on the one per square foot of

gaming space, they crush the competition and for good reason. They have a superior product.

Well, there you have it. A simple philosophy. But it's what makes Indiana and the Horseshoe such a perfect fit.

(END OF VIDEO PRESENTATION)

PAUL ALANIS:

In selecting a single operator for Harrison County may be among the most challenging that have been presented to you. You have four financially capable companies, four substantial developments, four experienced operators, and yet in the end you must decide that one of them rises above all of the others and is worthy of your selection. For the last hour we've made the case for Horseshoe.

WE've shown you how worthy and

capable an applicant Horseshoe is. We've told you about our company, our philosophy, our team, our track record and about the development and the economic benefits that we think it will bring to this entire region of southern Indiana. But there are indeed four capable companies that will appear before you today and tomorrow so why Horseshoe? Why Horseshoe above all the rest? There are a number of reasons, clear and convincing distinctions which we believe cause our proposal to indeed rise above the others. Let me share those principal factors with you now. First, the site. is clearly Mauckport versus Bridgeport. But if you walk the sites, if you drive the sites,

better yet, if you listen to the people who know best, if you listen to that community out there, they will tell you the decision isn't even close. The Mauckport site is head and shoulders above the Bridgeport sites. It's the same conclusion we came to two years ago when we studied that same issue. The necessity to make major road improvements, more importantly the traffic congestion that exists today, include with that the issues of topography and flood control that are problemmatic for some of those sites, cause the Bridgeport area to be not comparable or equal in any manner to the Mauckport site that we have. Our Mauckport site is indeed problem free. It is It is buildable. flat. All ele-

ments of it will be flood protected and it has superb access. That access is not just from Louisville; it's in all directions. And it's the kind of access that will enable that site and this development to be a genuine destination resort that will create economic benefit and bring tourism to this area for many years to come.

Second, we are ready to go forward now. Our financing is firmly and completely in place.

Our management team has even been selected. You've seen them. And they're ready to move here now.

Our governmental permitting process is well under way. As we've told you, a marina development has already been permitted on our property and that permit remains in

effect today, so while we acknowledge that the nature and scope,
magnitude of our project will require an additional permit, we
believe that the review that our
property has already been through
will make that process smoother
and more expeditious for us than
almost any other applicant that's
appeared before you.

There are no environmental groups that have problems with our project. That's because there are no environmental issues that will impede or impair the rapid development of this property so that we can begin to generate tax revenues and create economic benefits for this region this year.

Third: Horseshoe is plain and simple the peoples' choice.

We have been endorsed by nine of the ten towns in Harrison County. Wë have regional support as well. We've been endorsed by Scottsburg in Scott County, Tell City in Perry County and Jeffersonville in Clark County, and we have received literally hundreds and hundreds of people from this community have come to us and said: Horseshoe, how can we help you? We support you. Because they support not only us but they support the concept of a development in the Mauckport area as opposed to the Bridgeport area. As you well know the Task Force has elected not to recommend an applicant to you or even to rank the various applicants. Instead, they have elected to enter into a develop-

agreement process have done that. We have acted in good faith and moved forward and we are indeed the only company that has executed that development agreement as we stand before you today. We have in fact done an agreed, in writing, to live, to to live up to every requirement and expectation that has been placed upon us by this County. And that development agreement requires us to meet not only the impacts of our development but to compensate and to allow for future development for other things and needs that are important to this community. We are indeed the peoples' choice and it should be no surprise to anyone who is in this community because we have be-

come a part of this community. We have been here longer than any other casino company. We've been in this community for almost a year and a half, and from the day we arrived, we began being involved in the community, being involved in civic organizations, and contributing to charities and we've developed friendships and relationships. Those are the same friendships and relationships and relationships which we hope to continue and expand into the future.

Four: We have presented to you today development and a master plan that will indeed contribute significantly to the well-being of southern Indiana for the long term. This is a development which makes economic sense today and can

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be expanded as we grow the market. WE have presented to you a proforma that we know we can and will exceed. We have not thrown at you facts and figures that we do not believe in one hundred percent. We have never made a financial projection to a commission such as yourselves, to the investment community or to anyone else that we have not exceeded by a significant amount. Our reputation for performance, our reputation for integrity and our image in the financial market place is more important to us than any single license. We are here for the Jack Binion has been in long term. the gaming business for almost forty years. You will not hear a promise from Horseshoe that it is

not prepared to keep, and more importantly, is not capable of keeping. As we all know, you cannot spend or invest projections. They're only projections. So you should only judge someone based upon the reasonableness of those estimates and based upon their track record in having done, succeeded in performing what they said they would do in the past and in this regard we believe Horseshoe stands out from the crowd.

Finally, this is not just another development for Horseshoe. This is the development for Horseshoe. It is now and into the future will be as important to our company as it is to the citizens of Harrison County and to the State of Indiana. If approved we

will not build this project, put it into some portfolio and move on. No, as we have shown in our development agreement with Harrison County, our commitment to you is that we will continue to expand and to improve upon this project to keep it fresh and exciting and more importantly to keep it competitive and successful against the competition that at some point in the future is sure to come. I am told the citizens of Harrison County this will be your crown jewel. It will be our crown jewel as well. And we have committed our most important asset, our people, our finest people, to come here, to come to this community. anxious to come here to make this project a success for Harrison

County, the State of Indiana, for
Horseshoe, for all of these reasons
we believe that Horseshoe is indeed
the right choice for Harrison
County and the State of Indiana.
Thank you.

ALAN KLINEMAN: Thank you.

And now we'll take a break before
the question and answer session.

Be back around twenty minutes after

4:00.

(RECESS)

(RESUMED AFTER SHORT RECESS)

ALAN KLINEMAN: If the people who are going to answer the question would first identify themselves for the record and so we can keep the record a little bit better, if they are unidentified.

ANN BOCHNOWSKI: I have a question. The biggest question and I think maybe some other people here on the panel have the same kind of question. You're projecting an annual attendance that is ten percent below the average for Harrison County applicant, and yet you're saying your win will be twelve percent above the average. And you also claim that odds are good as or better odds than other

facilities, so I just don't know how that happens. How can all that come together?

PAUL ALANIS:

Well, let me try to explain.

ANN BOCHNOWSKI: Okay.

PAUL ALANIS: Let me talk
about each one. Let's talk about
the win per customer first. I
believe on our numbers are an
average of fifty-nine dollars on
a stabilized basis. We understand
that it's higher than the other
applicants. Let me tell you why
we think that number is both realistic an example. First, we dominate
the high end of the market in the
two facilities which we currently
operate in Tunica and in Bossier.
We have a broad spectrum of play
but we totally dominate that upper

end and one of the reasons is because we do give better odds so the more sophisticated player, the person who is playing at a higher level is more inclined to come to our facility than to other facility than to other facility than to other facilities because they're going to have a better chance to win. So we believe we will get a higher level of really, of the quality play, of the higher level players than maybe some of our competitors would.

So that's the first part of it. That we think that the level of play will be at a higher end.

Secondly, we do give better value to the customer. Our restaurants are always less price, our retail shops, we leave more dollars for the customer to game with. We be-

lieve that that is what has happened in our other facilities and we've looked at it carefully. The average win per customer of the riverboat casinos around the Chicago area is about fifty-eight and a half dollars. We think that the level of facility that we have in terms of the all suite rooms, the quality that we have, the ability for us to market, and our marketing programs and the Horseshoe name which is known so well, will give us the ability to compete at the same level that those Illinois boats do. We do not think that we're comparable to Evansville or to Missouri boats. We think we are very comparable to the Illinois type of situation. And if you look at Tunica, we do

the same revenue per slot machine and we do higher revenues per table games than the Illinois average. So we're able to obtain per machine the same levels that they obtain from, you know, on a customer win basis and so in a cruising situation as well. That's a land based situation to the extent we don't go anywhere, it's a barge. It's open twenty-four hours. And it's clearly the case that in a cruising environment you will obtain a higher win per customer and lower attendance, and that's the second half of your question. Why do we have a lower attendance figure. We think it's a conservative We have, if you will look number. at the applications, one less cruise than all of the other three appli-

cants. We think that's the right number. We just don't think it's realistic to have a 3:00 A.M. cruise on a Wednesday night in the winter. And so we also believe you can add a cruise easily if the demand is there, you can add a cruise, so if you look we've got one less cruise and if you start taking the averages and just start applying mathematics, we're gonna end up with a lower number if you will in terms of total customer accounts or passenger accounts. I think that's a large part of it and we feel that in the cruising situation that the ration starts to change. The attendance will go down, the win per customer will go up. Those people are captive there for several hours and since they

can't get off the boat, they tend to gamble more and they intend to lose more frankly per passenger.

I think if you look at the statistics around you'll see that that's the case in the industry.

ANN BOCHNOWSKI: So it
doesn't matter that your attendance is lower and it doesn't
matter that your odds are looser
but you've got people who are
gambling more higher?

PAUL ALANIS: Higher?

ANN BOCHNOWSKI: Higher.

Higher.

PAUL ALANIS: Higher. Yes.

ANN BOCHNOWSKI: More money
is going into the machines?

PAUL ALANIS: That is correct.

I think that they're gambling
higher. They have more dollars

when they come, we leave them more dollars and the dock sites and the pavilion building to get on the boat with. Jack's famous for his three dollars steaks and his two dollar breakfasts and I think that we feel very comfortable that those numbers are realistic. number that we have per share, a hundred and sixty-six million dollars of gaming in nineteen hundred gaming positions is equal to the numbers that we're achieving in Tunica with fourteen hundred gaming positions. And in Bossier City as well, we're achieving a hundred and fifty-five to a hundred and sixty million dollars of revenue this year, with again fourteen hundred gaming positions.

Ouestion inaudible:

PAUL ALANIS: In Tunica we don't know because we don't take counts. Okay. And in Bresher

DONALD VOWELS: And what about in Bossier?

PAUL ALANIS: Okay. And in Bossier it's in the forties. But let me explain to you why that is the case.

First of all, we have a promotion in Bossier which has been highly successful for us. It's called The Million Dollar Free Pull. Part of our philosophy. You can come into the Horseshoe in Bossier, walk in, you're a member of our slot club, pull the machine and win a million dollars and you don't have to put a quarter in our machine. We've had two millionaires in the last nine months. I think

probably the only two millionaires in Bossier City. That brings us, uh, we know the statistics on this because we're trying to figure out how much this promotion costs us, we have a very good idea, and so our customer counts are up about twenty percent by people who just come in to play the machine and leave again, so that has thrown the numbers off by a good ten dollars per person. And then we are in again in Bossier City, we are in a situation where we have twenty-four operation. We do not leave the dock. So we have a much like the Las Vegas type operation because of the Red River and situation of the lack of navigability there, the legislature allows the three vessels in Shreveport-

Bossier to remain dock side. That again I believe lowers that win per customer but we are winning about a hundred, at the rate of about a hundred and fifty-five million dollars a year on fourteen hundred positions.

THOMAS MILCAREK: There was one slot, I didn't understand what it meant, per unit, an average per unit. What's it mean?

PAUL ALANIS: Per unit is a slot machine, so that is one slot machine or video poker machine, that is how much that machine wins on a daily basis.

THOMAS MILCAREK: Well, let's

go back to what Ann was just asking about this fifty-nine dollar

win, your expenses. To sum up the,
your prices dock side are so cheap

on with that much more money than they would the other way around.

Is that the bottom line that they're gonna have so much more money on them..?

PAUL ALANIS: Well, no, I

don't think -- I think that our

customer mix will be, from our

marketing strategy, from our direct

marketing ability to directly

market and I could have Gary Border

come up and maybe even, you know,

embellish on this. We believe that

we are able to attract the type

of customer that will generate

this type of revenue. Let's....

and tell you also a little bit

about the market because that's

the key. Not -- the restaurants

add a little bit. The key is the

marketing.

THOMAS MILCAREK: Bottom line here is your customers are gonna be wealthier than somebody else's customers?

GARY

I think more than anything else we win per unit as much as Illinois does. Illinois has like fifty-eight dollars a customer. There's no reason to think that we're not gonna be able to do that since we do it already in Louisiana and Mississippi, we feel like we can do it here also.

THOMAS MILCAREK: I thought you said in Bossier City it was lower?

It is lower but it will depict per unit. You can see that

our win per unit is just like it is in Illinois. Therefore, we feel like that we can win per customer... but it does... another thing we don't do in Bossier City, we do not charge to get on the boat. So people come and go and, you know, sometimes we, like you said, come on board they maybe make the million dollar free pull but they're not really a customer, but we put them in our customer account. Have I lost you on that one?

of years we were real suckers on
the win average, but I think
we've kind of picked up on it.

(SIMULTANEOUS RESPONSES -- UNINTELLIGIBLE)

GARY I'm Gary
the head of Corporate Marketing.
Did that satisfy your marketing
questions or were there other questions you want to ask?

MR. MILCAREK: Yes.

ALAN KLINEMAN: Well, let's talk about where the boat is gonna be built. Want to tell me about that?

PAUL ALANIS: Certainly.

About over a year ago we had a number of discussions with Jeffboat.

We built a very good relationship with them; Bob Green and all of his staff, and we have even gotten to the point of a letter of intent and a contract, drew up a contract to have our boat built at Jeffboat.

That's what we wanted and that's what we still want. A few months

ago they told us that they had made a corporate policy that they had a big backlog and, you know, the types of barges that they were building, and that they decided that they did not want to build any casino vessels that were more, a hundred feet in width or more. So, if we were to be awarded a certificate of suitability, it's my intention to go back to Bob Green, try and convince him to change his mind because we want to build this boat in the State of Indiana and we think Jeffboat is one of the most competent shipbuilders in the country. won't change his mind or he can't change that decision, then we will have our boat built in the State of Louisiana. Our policy is to

promote industries in the states where we operate.

ALAN KLINEMAN: I guess this might be for Jeff, the retail development, if you would tell me a little bit about that and what's the Simon connection with that program?

JEFF COHEN: Steve Simon is investor in associate gaming.
We have determined exactly what's gonna be in the sixty thousand square feet yet, whether to make a child care facility and medical clinic that we talked about earlier, Simon property groups....

ALAN KLINEMAN: And the police station.

JEFF COHEN: And police substation. Simon Property Group is basically, uh, Herb Simon has agreed

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that they will assist us in whatever that need. way we So whether we have a formal relationship with them where we actually hire them to lease out the sixty thousand square feet and to help us construct it, or whether we just do it generally, and that's kind of where it stands. We have his absolute commitment to do whatever is necessary to make this a sixty-thousand square foot facility.

ALAN KLINEMAN: Inaudible.

JEFF COHEN: Yes.

ANN BOCHNOWSKI: Can you -I know you've talked about this
during the presentation but I want
to make sure I understand, talk
about your cruising path, how far
out it can go?

JEFF COHEN: Certainly.

Some of our consultants are here and I think is here and he can do this specifically.

that show our cruising This is our current site right here.

The vessel will back out of its slip, it will go up river approximately two miles, it will then turn around here and our cruise route continues and we have another chart here that shows that our cruise route will continue all the way up to this point in the river right here at about mile six forty-five. At mile six forty-five she'll come about and will come back down river. She can

cruise past the site all the way down, a total of five point five miles from here to here. Here we have over nine hundred feet wide in the river. She can come about there and turn back and come around. So, as Cliff said earlier, our total cruise route is almost eleven miles long. This is actually a true cruise route. We will have one of the absolutely cruising vessels in the State of Indiana that can cruise all within Indiana waters. Additionally, I'd like to point out that we've been before this Commission before and worked on several riverboat projects, and this is the safest site that we have looked at for several reasons. Number one: As you can see we have a lot of area to maneuver in

the cruise. Number two: There are no barges fleeted up river for almost twenty miles. Number three: Very little recreational traffic in the area. Number four: There is no commercial traffic that operates on a local basis, local commercial traffic. Now, there is a fair amount of traffic that passes through the area, but that shouldn't impact the operation, and therefore, we believe it's a very, very safe cruising site.

ANN BOCHNOWSKI: Why do you suppose -- was there only one site to do that -- why has those other companies chose not to -- I just can't read peoples' minds.

JEFF COHEN: I can't really answer for other companies. All I can tell you is this is an ideal

site for cruising and as you can see here, it's one of the widest spots in the river in the whole State of Indiana, so the vessel can come about and actually turn on both the up river and down river portion of the cruise route.

ANN BOCHNOWSKI: When you say "turn"..

I mean come about, that, instead of backing up going forward and backing up. We actually get to turn all the way around and cruise just like the boat should with the bow going in one way instead of backing up...

ANN BOCHNOWSKI: I'm not used to that....

Well, and

that's why I say this is one of the

nice advantages of this site, that it has an awful lot of water, which as you know is the premium in Indiana.

JACK THAR: If I may, are you creating a pleasure boat issue by developing the marina?

Good question,

Jack. We don't believe we're actually creating an issue. We believe that, uh, one of our recommendations would be to separate the small vessel marina from the casino vessel, and Horseshoe has absolutely taken that under consideration right now to separate the two.

JACK THAR: Well, let's go
back just a little bit. Two designs that we've seen up on Lake
Michigan, the coast guard and the
coast guard primarily has taken

under, major safety issue with the casino boat will be an attractive nuisance, for lack of a better term, to recreational boaters which the marina has shown that seems to cost, but the other thing is you have an area there where there is no marina, you're creating a marina which means that you will increase pleasure boating if, uh, where you're saying there isn't much now. Is this well thought out?

It is well thought out and it's a good point. The reason I think this is different than I'll refer to the Michigan City site, is you only have a small area for these vessels to cruise. This is similar, if you would just look at Evansville, and you look

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at it with a marina, this is a marina that's there and yet there is very little interaction between the two. One of the things that we would do here is conduct boater safety classes and educate them on the difference between the two, but we would try and limit that so we didn't mix much. Additionally, when we did our research and completed our marine site risk assessment we found that there was very little traffic in the area anyway because a lot of them really fish on bass lakes and everything else; we believe that people will park their boat here and we believe that people will use them, but we also believe that because of we will educate them about this vessel and the interaction between the two

we don't believe will create a
problem.

JACK THAR: Is it possible to re-design a second opening?

PAUL ALANIS: We were actually talking about that and we're working with Cliff on that to do that so we would keep the two separate, and that was one of our concerns also, yes sir.

address one further aspect of that because we have become aware of this issue and I think Rising Sun as well as the, uh, in the Hammond area, and we believe we can resolve this with the coast guard, but should we not be able to get that resolved in terms of having that marina, rather than change our project now, because we believe we

can get the job done, it's our proposal that if it should be a problem we would do -- we would take the money that would be saved from not doing the marina and put it into some other element of the project, or alternatively contribute into the foundation that we've established for Harrison County. It's not our intention to create an element of our project which maybe doesn't have ultimate feasibility because of a regulatory problem and then to put those dollars in our pocket or whatever. Secondly, you can be assured that we will not let that, the additional marina, slow down the development of the area that's needed to get the riverboat, the gaming facility and the rest of the facility in opera-

tion. We will not delay in any way, shape or form our going into business. So I think that's -- in other words, we're not going, we're not gonna let the marina situation slow us down in terms of getting -- 'cause we can keep that out enough, get the riverboat in there and to create the channel and the like and we can start on the others. We're not going to let the marina situation delay the entire project. That's number one final assessment.

ANN BOCHNOWSKI: What was your rationale if the boat

CLIFF KORTMAN: It had
already been approved for a marina
and we thought it was a really
nice amenity and in fact, this
project originally was believed

that it had feasibility as a commercial marina, and we thought it was a great idea; it added to the destination resort concept that we always wanted to have here, so we felt that we could accomplish this. I mean the Corps of Engineers had approved it for a marina, now it's only a coast guard issue, and as John said, we think we can resolve those coast guard issues. It's not a Corps issue.

ROBERT SUNDWICK: It seems to me there's enough people on the river that deal with pleasure boats going up and down that river, that shouldn't be a problem. I'd hate to see you, you know, to reduce that marina and to none it would not really pursuing the....

CLIFF KORTMAN: That sin-

deed our objective. We intend to build that marina and my only point was that if for some reason the coast guard absolutely said no, there's no way, then we would do the other. But we will look at alternatives like Cliff has just discussed before we abandon the marina. We want the marina.

ROBERT SUNDWICK: Can you tell me how far the distance is for somebody between I-265 and 65 from Louisville to here at the bridge?

PAUL ALANIS: From Louisville to our site, exactly?

ROBERT SUNDWICK: The 65 - 265 interchange south of Louisville to the bridge. Does anybody know the approximate distance?

PAUL ALANIS: I have some ideas but I'll give you the exact.

I've been told what I believe to be about thirty....

ALAN KLINEMAN: Is that the way you would think that the Louisville customers would come, this what we call the south route Kentucky across the Matthew E. Welsh Bridge?

PAUL ALANIS: Well, we think that the ones that are in western, the western portions will come that way, but, no, we think the people who are in those eastern suburban areas will come, you know, through Indiana, but that's not what we, you know, we don't think they'll come through Ky. Come on the Interstate and then down on 135.

ROBERT SUNDWICK: Does any-body -- how far is it?

PAUL ALANIS: About thirty.

It's thirty minutes travel; we think it's about thirty miles.

ANN BOCHNOWSKI: Yes. That road seemed a little windy, that I guess is 35.

RESPONSE: 135.

ANN BOCHNOWSKI: 135. I'm not from here so I don't know the numbers. It seemed a little windy and hilly. Was there -- what improvements exactly are you talking about for that road?

PAUL ALANIS: I'll let Cliff address that because that's his area of expertise.

CLIFF KORTMAN: I think that you're referring to is State Road 11.

ANN BOCHNOWSKI: No, that's the one over by Bridgeport. The lll or..

CLIFF KORTMAN: The one that is real windy that comes through the back way to the site is State Road ll. That is a windy road.

ANN BOCHNOWSKI: All right.

ALAN KLINEMAN: I think she is referring to 135. We did not come on 11 yesterday when we went to the sites.

CLIFF KORTMAN: From Interstate 64 onto 135 via the Corydon bypass it's almost a straight shot.

ANN BOCHNOWSKI: Okay.

CLIFF KORTMAN: It's not a windy road at all.

ANN BOCHNOWSKI: Okay. Well, we went on some windy roads; maybe it wasn't that one. Okay. So what, well, okay, so you're saying you don't feel like there's too many improvements that need to

be made there?

CLIFF KORTMAN: There is an improvement at the interchange at the our, the interchange at the site.

ANN: Right.

CLIFF KORTMAN: Right now,

I'm not sure that but

there are some improvements that

are planned in Corydon where the

Wal-Mart is. There's another in
tersection, we've added, uh, we

think that there's some signaliza
tion that needs to be done there.

ANN BOCHNOWSKI: In fact, we did hear that there were problems that, 'cause there's already accidents at that spot.

CLIFF KORTMAN: Right. That road construction and the traffic signalization is not completely

completed today. There's one more

way that will intersect with State
Road 135. We did a traffic study
based on that type of theory and
all the other type here that's
important to the area, and very
normal working out, very normal
conditions, all of the intersections operated on a level of service
as defined by the Indiana Department of Transportation.

DONALD VOWELS: Do you mean crowded or high......

CLIFF KORTMAN: I mean

During the absolute worst case scenario, there are a couple of intersections that you do have to be a level of.........

That's one hour a week.

ALAN KLINEMAN: Okay, along the same lines, what are you gonna do to spread it to, you know, to handle any of the cost involved of creating that for 135? If you can answer..

budget line item in our proposal and actually in the application that shows infrastructure and road improvements. The approach at the project, the lighting at 135 will be done out of the development budget, that's at Horseshoe's cost, also the infrastructure changes at 135 and Lopp Circle Road will be done at Horseshoe's cost and of course all of the interior improvements will be done at Horseshoe's cost.

ALAN KLINEMAN: I'm talking
more about the Corydon, uh, 64
I-64 area that we come in, the
area that we've been talking about.

CLIFF KORTMAN: Right.

ALAN KLINEMAN: Are you going to....

CLIFF KORTMAN: Currently, we do not have any plans to alter any of those intersections or change the level of service that is apparent today at those intersections.

ALAN KLINEMAN: There is
this one particular intersection
I remember that has a left turn
lane and right turn lane and only
one through, really, it would be restricting traffic.

CLIFF KORTMAN: I do understand your concern and we also have

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the same concern.

PAUL ALANIS: The simple answer to your question is: have sent a letter to the Harrison County Task Force indicating to them that if there is a problem at that intersection we will pay for it. We have, from the Task Force meeting that occurred a few weeks ago, we realized that that was an issue to the community and after that meeting we sent them a letter and said: If it's a problem, if it turns out to be a problem, we'll pay for it to be altered.

ALAN KLINEMAN: Along the same lines, what sort of commitment have you made to the community in respect to emergency response equipment and so forth items to be

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used for emergency?

CLIFF KORTMAN: There are a number of levels of that and I'll try to address some of it. Because it is of a concern to us as well. From a, uh, there are a number of different elements of it and let's talk about each -by the way, as it relates to the vessel itself, we are going to have a paramedic on board that vessel, that is something which Hornblower had recommended to us previously. It is something that they, that's why we have them and that's, uh, so we are going to have a paramedic in terms of that. We have had contact with the facility in nearby, uh, the Jewish Hospital Health Services. They are very close by in Branden-

burg, and back a couple of weeks ago they had written to us and supported our project and said that they would be available for emergency response and hoped that we could work with them. They are only a matter of minutes away. They have trauma center. We have a trauma center here in Corydon which I believe has sixty-five beds. I'll have Jack come up and talk about a couple more particularly on medical also.

Paul. Yes, Commissioner, when we first did our marine site risk assessment that was one of the areas that we had concerns about, the same as you folks do, was to make sure our guests on board are safely taken care of. We have

looked at several different aspects, just like Paul said. The first we can respond to in medical emergencies -- first of all, when we talked this morning about the number of EMT's and everything available, we met with Gary Klineman who is the manager of Emergency Medical Services for Harrison County, and Gary informed me that there is over one hundred EMT's in the county that can respond in a matter of twenty to thirty minutes. Additionally, we have the hospital, a sixty-five bed hospital in Corydon, we have three ambulances with EMT's that are available, they're gonna have an extra paramedic that will join the staff in July of '96, there are six ambulances that are avail-

able in Jeffersonville, there are six ambulances that are available in Louisville. There's two medical evacuation helicopters available from Stat-Flight in Louisville, there is one medical evacuation helicopter available from Jewish Hospital in Louisville. There is another one medical evacuation helicopter available from Methodist Hospital, Indianapolis. Additionally, the Meade County Health Center, which is just across the river in Brandenburg, has twenty-They're there, four hour access. at least can call a doctor, they havethere. One of our concerns we talked about all of these is that we felt that and Greg Reas also did reference to emergency management services, concurred that

there are the resources here. simply have to put together mutual agreements and eveything else, and one of our concerns it since we're on a longer cruise route, we talked about this morning and you heard Greg say: We can respond in twelve minutes. And some people said: Well, is twelve minutes enough? Well, we found that when we did our emergency disaster drill up in Evansville, as we would do here, we would write a complete emergency disaster plan and then we would really put our money where our mouth is and show this plan works, we can do a large drill but we found when the vessel needed assistance, it took us over seventeen minutes for our trip to get there and then approximately a half

hour to get in, which meant the ambulances, the fire department and everything, they were there waiting for us. So one of the things we looked at here, and Dr. Ross brought it out this morning, is that if we have someone on board and they need attention, is an EMT enough. We said: No, an EMT probably is not enough. put a paramedic with all the required equipment on board. we talked about that, that Cliff informed and they supported that. Additionally, we said if we really need to bring the vessel in or even use one of our rescue boats to get that in, and there's helicopters in the area, we supply a place for them to land and said we will build a heli-port just

adjacent to our facility so an emergency helicopter could land. So we believe that we have covered the medical emergencies. Now, if we, when we do our complete study, if we find out that there is not enough resources available, Horseshoe would absolutely be willing to sit down and discuss what it is we need to do.

ANN BOCHNOWSKI: Did I hear you say that in that retail facility there would be a medical center also? Was that mentioned?

JOHN : Yes. And we need to talk about fire I think too. But in the retail center, we've had discussions with some of the local doctors and we have had, really for the convenience of our customers and because we're

going to have a lot of hotel guests there, and it makes sense to have members of the community nearby and locate their office. There are several doctors who are interested in doing that. We would have a, like an urgent care center, think that that makes sense, makes sense to them, it's a good place for them to locate. We'll bring them a lot of potential patients there, and so that's, we would have some type of an urgent care facility in the retail area.

ANN BOCHNOWSKI: Was that just recently added based on our questioning of it?

No, we've always considered it..

ANN BOCHNOWSKI: That wasn't, you know, in the ...

I understand that.

And we've always considered -- we have the child care element. We have been talking to the people here for months in terms of the woman -- there's one woman here who does child care who we've talked about to see if she can do a child care facility. We've had discussions with these people. Our local representatives have been working on these things for a long time.

ANN BOCHNOWSKI: And then all of this that you're talking about on the boat, the helicopter landing and everything, is that just a recent addition today because of our questions?

Well, the helipad is something that he asked us today. That is something today

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that we've considered, and he said to us: What about the heli-pad somewhere and we said of course we, it would be easy to. the heli-pad is something we discussed today as an alternative. But it's something -- we are on an ongoing discussion with people at Hornblower because we are interested in safety. We are not interested in saving dollars at the risk of someone's health. think our commitment to Harrison County and the development agreement that we've signed and the dollars we've committed there do way more than what our impacts are, demonstrate the fact that we're not penny wise and pound foolish. Wë're here for the long term and we want to protect this community

and our customers. So if they come up with better ideas we'll adopt them, and that heli-pad is one that we did adopt, but many of these other things we've been considering for months. a serious issue because they're volunteer fire departments here, their equipment is minimal, we will have the, you know, the water supply so that's not going to be an issue and we've agreed to spend a lot of money to do that. We will but, but everyone will be doing that, have state of the art fire suppression systems in all of our buildings sprinklers and the like, but we still recognize the need to deal with this problem and we, one of the reasons why we accelerated some of our payments to the

County, we accellerated five point seven five million dollars for payment of the foundation was originally gonna be one, and then four point seven five. We agreed to accellerate it all. We accellerated million, one seven five million in revenue sharing up front. To be up front. That was the, after discussions with them that they needed these improvements to be done now so that they could be available when we opened. We anticipate plans the County will be doing that. The County has our commitment but it will be done no matter what. If they need our continued assistance we will provide it. If it means a fire truck or whatever it means we're prepared to provide

that assistance. As I said, we're not in a situation where we want to have something that is a, that is not a hundred percent safe situation for our customers and for our employees and for the community.

could, Commissioner Bochnowski,

I need to fall off for just a

little bit. Part of the reason

that some of this has come up in

the last several days is that it

is the first time we've had the

chance to meet face-to-face and

really discuss at length some of

our recommendations even though we

just, we provided a report to them

last week, but so we get to take

some of the blame for that just

because it was the first time we

had a chance to meet. So, uh, and they were not just one up being and say, oh, he did this, and so I'll throw this in the pot, but we you can see that our recommendations were in there and in print. We'd like to address the fire issue on board the vessel first, and we've sat down with Commander Bruce Branham, who is handling the report, in Louisville to discuss this issue and as well as several other safety issues several weeks I will tell you that fire on board the U.S. Coast Guard approved passenger vessel is not really a big issue for the coast quard and for several reasons. I think one thing that I'd really like to point out is that we basically carry our own small fire de-

partment on board. On our interim vessel, we have two fire pumps, independent, and separate engine rooms that equal out to about three hundred and eight gallons. We have thirty-two fire stations each with fifty feet of inch and a half hose plus the applicable multi-purpose nozzle and a fire... All the officers must before they can get their coast guard license have to go to a U. S. Coast Guard approved marine fire-fighting school. In addition to that, we are required to do weekly drills. In most cases we do daily drills on a fire drill. And, additionally, the coast guard comes out every quarter to make sure that we, uh, they do a quarterly inspection and during that time period we perform or conduct a fire drill

for them. And it's an ongoing thing so in addition to being trained, we also provide them with full turn out gear and self-contained breathing apparatus. Because as mariners we're used to going out to sea where there is no fire department, so we've really become self-sufficient if you will. Now, that doesn't mean that we say we don't need help from anyone else because we absolutely do, but what I would like to point out is that from the vessel site, the vessels are constructed at a very, very low fire rules - three pounds per square foot. You have eighty-six people a head which means that if a fire breaks out on one deck, we should be able to contain that fire on that deck for

over sixty minutes. Usually, in sixty minutes, because we operate very close to the bank, we can pull into the bank and there's several places along the Mauckport area where we can, to let our passengers off, continue to fight the fire with assistance from the local firefighters, and even tho there is a volunteer fire department here and there's one in Brandenburg and several on the outlying areas, there are those resources. the brand new vessel will be equipped with with a sprinkler system, a heat detection system, smoke detection system, as well as the av... system, and basically, all of the bells and whistles. I think if you look at the casualty data you will see that out of seventy river-

boats in operation there has not been a single fire that really affected anyone where it had to have a huge evacuation and part of this is because of the rigid construction guidelines that these vessels have to meet. And does that satisfy your question as far as fire? We will sit down with Ray and the local fire department in our management plan and integrate a communication system as well as response system so that they can respond to our -- and respond and assist us. And if we determine that we need additional resources then we will discuss that with them.

ANN BOCHNOWSKI: So we might get some additional
in talking to the County?

Yes. We've looked at things preliminarily and Binion has already said that, excuse me, Horseshoe has said that should we need a fire truck on the scene right there he will be glad to support that.

ALAN KLINEMAN: Along the same lines that Mr. Thar asked his question to you as far as applicant suitability, if we would as part of the certificate of suitability, require you to do some things on infrastructure or safety, fire, police, etcetera, you would look at those and give them serious consideration, but what I'm thinking about is in answer to some of the questions I sometimes hear we're prepaying some of the monies we might owe for revenue sharing or whatever.

I think that you'll find that the local entities have already, in their own mind, anticipated that income to come in over a period of time and they have places they're gonna put it and then all of a sudden they hear, two years from now: Well, we've paid that and therefore you can't do the part thing you expected to do or whatever, I myself would like to see you roll some of these costs into your initial costs of starting up rather than use in anticipation of

JACK BINION: Mr. Chairman,
you have me committed on film.
You saw me there in that video say
that Horseshoe doesn't watch every
dollar that comes in and that we
have a commitment for the community

that we're in, so my answer to that question is quite clear. We would, of course, we're willing to consider any of those and we have done so in the development agreement and that, it doesn't stop there. We believe that this is an ongoing process with the community where we will continue to identify changing needs and we will be willing, continue to fund additional needs as they arise. We don't want to go through a process of discussion with that and find the best way to do it, but I think you will find in the development agreement that we signed, we agreed to do things that were well beyond the impacts of our study. I'm sorry, of our project. And I think it reflects our attitude that, you know, if it's important to the community -- this is a two hundred million project --

we're talking about, you know,
one percent or two percent of that
in all of these things. It's not
the end of the world. We need to
be in this community for a long
time and we want to, you know, help
meet the needs as we should.

ALAN KLINEMAN: Thank you.

DONALD VOWELS: Is it my understanding that you're the only candidate if you will that has an agreement with the county signed, assigned?

JACK BINION: Well, I believe that to be the case although I don't know that. I mean, let me put it this way, we were the first to sign, I know that. And I know all of the negotiating--

MR. VOWELS: It's stated as of today....

JACK BINION: Right. And I know all --

MR. KLINEMAN: Stated as of today and was only signed if by Horseshoe, I don't think it's been signed on behalf of.....

JACK BINION: We signed.

And I'll bet there will be a few others signing real soon.

MR. KLINEMAN: The issue of time standing.....might have found out that this -- was my understanding with

JACK BINION: I hope we only set the leadership but I don't think we'll be alone in having signed.

DONALD VOWELS: In reference to your temporary boat, what's the status on that? Do you have something lined up?

JACK BINION: Yes, indeed we do. We have a purchase contract which we have put up over two hundred and fifty thousand dollars in non-refundable money to purchase a boat which is completed and is sitting in Louisiana That boat is similar right now. to the vessel which we currently operate in Bossier City. And it would contain about fourteen hundred gaming positions, that's two hundred and ninety-nine by two ninety-four foot by seventy-four feet. It is finished. It needs to be outfitted with gaming equipment and built to its dead weight survey, it could be up here in sixty days, and we could close it the day after we got the certificate of suitability. In fact, we

are required under our contract that we need to close it, so we would do so.

THOMAS MILCAREK: What about the temporary facility. I assume it will be in the same spot that the one is in?

to let address that, but yes, essentially.

Our plans are to berth the temporary vessel inside of the marina as we have mentioned before, the marina site already has the Army Corps of Engineers permit; however, modification to that permit will be required to moore a gaming vessel there. We have already applied for that modification. And just adjacent to that berthing site,

will be a temporary building, a
temporary parking lot.

THOMAS MILCAREK: What will the temporary building be like?
Will it be like the temp in Evansville?

CLIFF KORTMAN: It, fund
wise is how quickly they can get
a certificate of suitability...
Our commitment is to have a temporary land based facility when
we build the temporary vessel here.
Six months.

THOMAS MILCAREK: And can you describe this temporary facility?

CLIFF KORTMAN: I just apologize because I have not seen that temp facility in Evansville so
I'm not sure what that looks like,
but we would either supply one of

those temporary tent facilities or we would provide a temporary building.

ANN BOCHNOWSKI: Of course, you understand even though it's a temporary site, you would still have to get the Army Corps....

Yes ma'am. There is actually, we have done three things with the Army Corps of Engineers. As you know there is existing permit, there is the modification to the temporary gaming vessel, then there is the final Corps permit. We do understand that we have to have the temporary site.

ANN BOCHNOWSKI: Basically, they said that takes as long as the permanent.

CLIFF KORTMAN: We've made

application for the temporary... and facility.

DONALD VOWELS: How many acres are we talking here, the riverfront property that you all have a, is there an option on it, do you have to purchase it?

CLIFF KORTMAN: We have forty-two acres under the river-front property.

THOMAS MILCAREK: And at

Mauckport, how many acres of

riverfront at Mauckport -- you

are saying you have forty-two -
would you have left, do you know?

CLIFF KORTMAN: We are stillfor calculation.....

MR. MILCAREK: How long have you had the option?

CLIFF KORTMAN: Hang on for one second. Let me have him ad-

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dress the Corps issue real quick.

MR. MILCAREK: Okay.

LEE MCKINNEY: I'm Lee McKinney, I was commissioned to the Corps of Engineers upon graduation from West Point, and served twenty-four years and three months, and had the good fortune to have three assignments in the civil works field where I did a lot of Corps digging. Since '82 I've had my own firm and have engaged a lot of Corps permitting, coast guard and environmental work. If I could clarify the permit situation which is somewhat confusing. In September the 3rd, 1993, the Corps issued a permit to Riverside Marine Associates to build a, to dig a harbour, and install an operating marina. The State of

Indiana also issued two work permits; one to dig the channel and one to dig the harbour, and allowed the permitee to place fill material on the land side to elevate the area of both the owners or We have recently submitted a modification to that existing permit, asking that we be allowed to reduce the size of the harbour to a smaller foot print and to move a sixty foot channel somewhat upstream and provide a two hundred supply channel which would accommodate the gaming boat. And that is not, does not permit the gaming boat, because that area is essentially environmentally clear, that complete environmental clear except for the requirement to do a phase

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III archaelogical resource which we have recently submitted the plan to the Corps in the State, seeking their approval and then we can start work on that. All right. If I could go into it a little bit more, the Phase I Archeological survey is what you must do initially. Depending on what you find, you may be required to do a Phase II and later on a more detailed Phase III digging, encouraged by all the architects. We are at the final phase on the existing forty-two acre site. So I would anticipate that the Corps, once they decide to process the modification requested existing permit, we would be in a position to coordinate river agencies and issue a permit

modification in as little as sixty to ninety days, which means construction of the harbour in the entrance channel could then begin. To bring in the temporary boat and temporary mooring facilities, the Corps is instructed us we need to acquire a new permit. We have applied over two weeks ago for that new permit. We've applied to do the work in three phases:

Phase I would be the work
necessary to put the temporary
mooring facilities in, for the
temporary boat to operate, and to
put the temporary land site opposite to include a parking and
pavilion structure, where ever it
might be, and start work on the
waste water treatment plant.

Phase II would be to provide

the permit..... Also that thirty two acres which as I said is environmentally clear except they are doing the Phase III

And then Phase II would be to do the work north of Highway ll which would include a commercial retail center and golf course.

Discussion inaudible.

THOMAS MILCAREK: It shows that the green that

That's correct. By Horse-

THOMAS MILCAREK: That is

That's correct. By Horse-

MR. MILCAREK: So all of the green you have the option on?

CLIFF KORTMAN: That's correct.

THOMAS MILCAREK: And then the red, you're working on that?

CLIFF KORTMAN: We've been working on it, yes sir.

ANN BOCHNOWSKI: That last one is always the most expensive.

CLIFF KORTMAN: I think in our situation though it's not essential to our project.

THOMAS MILCAREK: What's that gap in between the two....?

(Discussion between the Members and Kortman)

CLIFF KORTMAN: Okay. This is Mauckport and what we wouldn't want to do is take away the frontage of Mauckport. See, this is the community of Mauckport right in here.

THOMAS MILCAREK: And how long is that that's green down to

where your....?

CLIFF KORTMAN: You can see that there's a scale on there.

There's the mile marker scale.

So, it's approximately just over a mile.

THOMAS MILCAREK: And how long have you had that option?

CLIFF KORTMAN: We've had an option on over four hundred and fifty of the acres for over a year.

THOMAS MILCAREK: Okay. And is this four hundred and fifty or would that extend?

CLIFF KORTMAN: The total, the total amount of property under option is six fifty.

THOMAS MILCAREK: Well, I
guess my question, the whole bottom
line to my question is if one of

the other applicants wanted to be in Mauckport, is there any place where they could have gone?

CLIFF KORTMAN: I don't think so.

DONALD VOWELS: On the temporary boat, how many slots would
you have? You said fourteen hundred gaminghow many pay
persons......

CLIFF KORTMAN: We anticipate probably a little bit more than a thousand. We would probably have something in the order of fifteen table games.

DONALD VOWELS: What would be the capacity of that boat?
You said fourteen hundred positions. How many pay persons would get on that boat?

CLIFF KORTMAN: About twenty-

two fifty.

DONALD VOWELS: So at two thousand, would that be a

Also, of the eighteen hundred new jobs that would be created, what is the approximate pay scale of those jobs?

think they would be very comparable to what we have in our other facilities. Maybe Mike can -- he's gonna be running them, so he can address that.

MIKE ALLEN: As Paul mentioned I think we probably see
some figures that are comparable
to what we pay in Tunica and I
think, because I mentioned earlier
the average salary for our employees
is approximately thirty-four thousand and the hourly rate for hourly

rated employees averages approximately ten dollars and eighty-five
cents; that includes tips, so for
those people who work in the
restaurants, uh, cocktail waitresses,
dealers, anyone earning tips, that
would be included in that average.

ROBERT SUNDWICK: Is there any profit sharing or 401-K or anything like that?

MIKE ALLEN: Yes, we do provide a 401-K Program with a fifty percent match by the company.

ROBERT SUNDWICK: Any type of insurance?

MIKE ALLEN: Yes, medical, dental, vision, ninety percent of the premium paid by the company, ten percent by the employee.

DONALD VOWELS: Must you be a full-time employee to receive

this?

MIKE ALLEN: Yes, you have to be a full-time employee.

DONALD VOWELS: What do you consider a full-time employee, hours per day?

MIKE ALLEN: Well, right
now, in our Tunica property, I
believe we only have about ninety
employees. Of the over seventeen
hundred that we employee that are
part-time, those would be people
who work less than thirty hours
per week.

ALAN KLINEMAN: Before we go away, on the breakdown between salary and hourly, the salaried people would be supervisory type persons; is that right?

MIKE ALLEN: Yes. That is correct. Approximately fourteen

hundred of our employees in the Tunica facility are hourly.

ALAN KLINEMAN: Okay. Fourteen hundred out of seventeen hundred?

MIKE ALLEN: Yes sir.

ANN BOCHNOWSKI: I have a question: Let's assume that in our infinite wisdom we put a boat in Crawford County and your boat is in the Mauckport area, and Crawford County seems to be much more accessible from the interstate. What would cause people to take the more difficult route and go to your boat instead of taking the easier route and going to the Crawford County boat?

PAUL ALANIS: Actually, we are closer to the major market which of course is Louisville. So

that we believe we would definitely be closer and we would have of course a major facility. I don't know the type of facility that is planned in Crawford County, but it is my belief that it is substantially less than what we're planning here. We competed against eight other casinos in Tunica, and as Mike said, there were thirteen; four went out of business before we arrived and we were the, we remained the market leader. We were the market leader from the day we opened. And our numbers would assume that we're not the only casino in this area, so we believe we can achieve the numbers that we've said with the boat in Crawford County, and we would certainly not have any opposition to

Crawford County as opposed to

Switzerland County, and of course,

it's your decision but it would

not impact our development. We

would move forward to the matter

that we're proposing.

ANN BOCHNOWSKI: Because
you may be closer, physically to
the -- but convenience-wise I
think maybe Crawford County is
easier to get to. So you're just
saying you have a bigger attraction?

PAUL ALANIS: Well, and I
think that from, I believe that
if you ask people that from the
Louisville market we are, we would
still remain significantly easier
to access and quicker to get to
than Crawford County. I mean maybe locally can...talking about

the access from Crawford County,
I will have one of the experts

I'm Bill I'm

President of A and F Engineering.

The Crawford County site has considerably more curves and hills than the Mauckport site. I think you might have, you visited them both yesterday, I understand..

ANN BOCHNOWSKI: The reason

I came up with that is that I have
this little report that says:
hilly and winding two-land road.
And that's where I got this. You
know, I don't really, uh, I can't
remember one from the other at
this point.

MR. I have visited both sites and the Mauckport site is almost as straight a road as

you can have. And the Crawford
County site, we do have some winding roads.

ANN BOCHNOWSKI: But it's shorter?

MR. That I can't answer.

ALAN KLINEMAN: How far is the exit?

Yeah, it's about fourteen minutes. Yeah, so we have -- Mauckport is a very straight road. There are hills but the grades are minimal.

ROBERT SWAN: How far is it from the exit on 64 to the exit at Crawford County? Was it eighteen miles?

I don't know the distance in Crawford County.

It's fifteen to the Mauckport but

1 1	I don't know the distance on
2	ALAN KLINEMAN: He's talking
3	about 64.
4	Oh, fifteen
5	miles.
6	ALAN KLINEMAN: 135 exit?
7	Yeah, fifteen
8	more miles.
9	ROBERT SWAN: No, no, I
10	wanted to know from the exit on
11	64, coming to Mauckport to
12	Crawford County's exit; it's fif-
13	teen miles or eighteen?
14	Fifteen.
15	THOMAS MILCAREK: One man
16	connect with 103 here on 64 and
17	come down
18	(discussion by commission)
19	ROBERT SWAN: I have one
20	quick question. I heard in your
21	presentation a couple of times that

you had endorsements from nine of ten communities in Harrison County, I think you said.

PAUL ALANIS: Towns, yes.

ROBERT SWAN: Towns. And I hadn't heard that before from the County; maybe I missed it in the presentation from the County. How did you obtain those endorsements, were they formal endorsements or?

PAUL ALANIS: Yes, they're letters of endorsement and some of those, they've come to us and others, we've gone to them and we've had ongoing discussions with these communities, these towns, and they have supported us. We have not given them anything, we have not promised them anything, there is nothing that is not in the presentation we made to you

that is going to any of those towns, those endorsements came because of their belief, I presume in us and in the Mauckport site.

THOMAS MILCAREK: If there were only ten -- are there only ten towns in the County?

PAUL ALANIS: Yes, that is correct.

THOMAS MILCAREK: Which one did not endorse?

paul Alanis: I bet you can guess: Elizabeth. And Gary questioned it because Mauckport we have entered into a development agreement and so we because of our, you know, we're being adjacent to them, we have agreed to do some things with Mauckport as I did present in the presentation, but as to all of those other towns, there

are no agreements or promises.

DR. DAVID E. ROSS, JR:

In your Tunica, Mississippi Casino,
how many boats are there between
your boat and Memphis?

PAUL ALANIS: There are -we are the closest location presently. There are three master plans at that site for a three casino development. Sold off one site to ITT Sheraton, sold off another site to Circus, so they are on the left and the right of us; it's a three casino complex. Recently, Bally's in December opened a casino which is adjacent to ours which is by a few feet closer to Memphis but all four of us are along the same road that we built. Grand Casinos is under construction with a large facility

that will be slightly closer to

Memphis. But presently our casino

center complex which really includes
four casinos is the closest one

to Memphis.

DR. ROSS: How much of being closer to Memphis do you attribute your success?

PAUL ALANIS: Well, it certainly is a factor, there is no question, but I would say this:
When you look at our performance vis a vie the two neighbors that we have, that's where you can really tell the difference because they, we don't have any locational advantage over Sheraton or Circus, and we do dramatically better at revenue than Circus and significantly better revenue than Sheraton. We probably do two to three times

the revenue per slot machine or table game than Circus-Circus does. We do significantly more than Sheraton as well.

ROBERT SUNDWICK: Let me
ask a question about investment.
What's your investment in Mississippi
as in Memphis investment?

PAUL ALANIS: An estimate of sixty million dollars.

ROBERT SUNDWICK: And Louisiana?

PAUL ALANIS: In Louisiana, a hundred and twenty million dollars.

ROBERT SUNDWICK: It's by far your largest project?

PAUL ALANIS: Oh, original investment, is that what you're talking about? Or what we're planning to...

ROBERT SUNDWICK: No, what is your original investment?

PAUL ALANIS: Oh, pardon me. Eighty million dollars at each, originally invested. So, yes, it is...

ROBERT SUNDWICK: By far your largest investment?

PAUL ALANIS: Crown Jewel.

DONALD VOWELS: Can I ask
one more question. Have you discussed then putting police into
this sub-station and if so have
you talked with the county sheriff,
and if you've done that, have you
put some money into that part of
the project as well? Have you
asked for funding in that aspect?

PAUL ALANIS: No. Our idea there is to provide space. In other words, to provide it rent

free. So we don't -- we were gonna build that center anyway and that center is in our budget, so that means we wouldn't get revenue off of, you know, a couple of thousand feet that we would have in that center for it.

Alan Milbert, our local representative has talked with the Sheriff here about the needs. We have not worked out specifically anything with regard to a substation and I anticipate that this kind of dialogue will continue to proceed as we go along with the project and we'll find out exactly what is appropriate. I anticipate that there will be other needs and that there will be, if we were to be approved, you know, probably other things that would

arise that we would continue to try to integrate into that center. One of the reasons for having that center is to try to be able to have a certain amount of space available, be able to be responsive to these needs as they arise. We're not looking to that center to be a major profit center for this project. I mean I think you can see from our porforma that we anticipate minimal revenue from that center. mean that's not what we're looking for.

ALAN KLINEMAN: I'm sorry
to say that I have to leave and
Ms. Bochnowski, the Vice-Chair
of the Commission, will be taking
over, and I want to personally
thank you for all.

PAUL ALANIS: Thank you.

ALAN KLINEMAN: And thank
you for coming, and want to say
we were emphasizing fire safety
because we think that Fuzzy might
burn up the course.

PAUL ALANIS: He hopes next week.

ROBERT SWAN: Just to follow up on that question. I haven't seen your development agreement yet. I have read it actually. Is there anything in there with respect to the law enforcement activity?

PAUL ALANIS: I will let our attorney address that.

BILL The Milburn

Agreement does specifically pro
vide that we will coordinate with

the county representatives their emergency management needs on their emergency management plan. So we're prepared to discuss that with them. One of the provisions in the development agreement is that we have agreed to be flexible in whatever occurs during these presentations and during the proliferation of the Gaming Commission so that if an additional commitments or promises are made, they will be told to the developer.

DONALD VOWELS: How about your other two operations and motels, are those....?

PAUL ALANIS: Yes, we have
two hundred rooms in Tunica which
we were one of only three companies
to originally build hotel rooms
with our original construction.

Those two hundred motel rooms are on the barge, directly above the casino, very convenient to the customer. Bossier City, we have two hundred hotel rooms but they are not on the site we bought, an existing hotel in the community there. It is a few miles from our facility but we are proceeding with plans for a six hundred room hotel that would be on site. But we have always had two hundred rooms associated with each property when it opens.

DONALD VOWELS: The two hundred rooms that are on site, what is the approximate room occupancy on an average week or a month or how ever you calculate it?

PAUL ALANIS: Approximate is a hundred percent. We turn away

a hundred and fifty to two hundred reservation requests every day.

DONALD VOWELS: That shows a need for a motel.

PAUL ALANIS: That's why we're building three hundred and twenty more in Tunica.

ANN BOCHNOWSKI: Did you do any study here to determine the need for hotel rooms? I mean I can't see too many hotels around here but...

PAUL ALANIS: Well, we believe -- I think the comment was made before by one of the members of the Commission: How can you have a destination resort without hotel rooms?

ANN BOCHNOWSKI: Right.

PAUL ALANIS: We believe that the key to the success of this

project is hotel rooms. That's why in our plan we have three hundred and we, and like what we did with the County in our development agreement because it was part of our original thinking was agree that we would bring on two hundred more. We did look at the market. We determined that much like people at Carnival said, exactly what we think could generate in terms of finance, but we feel. very comfortable with three hundred will -- we will fill up those three hundred rooms and that we will need to bring more rooms on right away. We were very sensitive though to making certain also that we had full occupancy and that we were not adversely impacting the existing, you know, motel

market in this area. And one of our partners is an investor in Budgetel. So we're not interested in adversely impacting any of the existing businesses in this community. We think the way we've done it with having three hundred and then bringing on two hundred more and then we have a master plan to take it up to a thousand, makes sense and we think we can grow the market as we are operating in order to make that, you know, to have that work and to have it make sense. We're very comfortable with three hundred. We did a market analysis and felt that three hundred made total sense and that two hundred more to follow afterwards would be economically sensible.

DONALD VOWELS: Could I ask a question of Mr. Binion please?

Mr. Binion, we're really
happy to see you here today and
your enthusiasm for the project.

It just occurred to me that you
have a significant interest in
the whole project personally through
various interests, if you were to
walk out of here today and get
run over by a car or something,
who would we look to to carry on
that enthusiasm that you have?

JACK BINION: Well, as you can see, I've put together what I feel is a great team and maybe they would even like to see me get run over.

(LAUGHTER)

But I feel like at this point

I have set the tone, the philosophy and the marketing strategies and I feel like the team can carry it right on.

DONALD VOWELS: Your financial interests will carry on, and I just want to be comfortable.

JACK BINION: If you look at the structure of the company and why did I really go out because it's the truth that my grandnieces and nephews and my grandchildren and children have a very substantial part of this business. They have more interest in this business than I do. So when I tell you that, you know, I'm trying to hang on where, when they're ready, that they can take over. I, I tell you what, if you really look at what has happened in Vegas

because I've been in Las Vegas for a long time, you just don't realize what's gonna happen here. I mean the economic impact is gonna be unbelievable and this is why we put it in the Mauckport site because I feel like it's at the center of the County, and I don't want to get preachy here so I'll stop. Okay.

MR. VOWELS: Thank you.

JACK THAR: Could I just follow up on that?

JACK BINION: Yes.

JACK THAR: What might concern us is whether or not Ted
Binion would have the potential
of getting in the ownership interest in this.

JACK BINION: Absolutely not.

JACK THAR: Thank you.

JACK THAR: On the Army

Corps of Engineer permitting

situation, you're not trying to

tell us that you have a Corps

permit right now to start building

a gaming facility, are you?

CLIFF KORTMAN: No, I'm not.

JACK THAR: What you have is, the property has a permit in suspension status; would that be correct?

CLIFF KORTMAN: That is not correct.

JACK THAR: You have activated that by asking for a change in that permit?

CLIFF KORTMAN: We have asked for an extension for that permit. Several months ago that permit has extension, original extension in

JACK THAR: Do you believe the advantage then is to be able to start construction of the marina and then modify it once you got the gaming permit from the Corps? Is that what you are ...?

LEE MC KINNEY: That is an advantage to us we feel. We have already made application for that modification for gaming vessel.

JACK THAR: And they are waiting for you to get the certificate of suitability to proceed forward; is that it?

LEE MC KINNEY: That would be my presumption, yes. That would be my assumption, correct.

JACK THAR: That's the last step in our agreement with the Corps, but absent getting the cer-

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tificate of suitability, what
you are saying is you could build
the marina before they acted on
your gaming, is that right?

LEE MCKINNEY: We have a permit right now which is probably expires on August the 31st of this year and we have requested a three year extension for construction period. We in construction as currently permitted could begin with concurring with the Corps that we be allowed to go ahead with Phase III Archeological Resources on the east connected to the assignment, while we dig the marina. And they have indicated in the original permit protect them from doing that. today have a permit to start digg-ing a large marina harbour and

what we've asked for a modification is of the existing permit is to dig a smaller harbour and a two hundred foot wide channel and put a six foot wider channel to the slightly upstream location. So that's the permit modification that I was just based on my experience, once the Corps makes the decision to process the applicant for modification, they've had the request for a couple of weeks and I have had no contact with them at this point. I think that that could be approved by the Corps in sixty to ninety days and the suitability license and determination issue the construction could begin on the marina and then the channel for the gaming operation. The gaming operation itself..

JACK THAR: That's where I've got the problem. Well, I can see that the Corps might agree that you could go ahead and build a commercial and pleasure craft marina. Our understanding with the Corps is that they're not gonna allow any gaming developers until they've taken a look at the whole package, so it's to your benefit would be that you'd get the building of the marina out of the way but you couldn't modify the gaming boat until they gave you the affirmative.

LEE MCKINNEY: Well, what

I'm saying is we don't know

whether the Corps will process

the modification to the existing

permit prior to suitability.

They have not indicated that one

way or the other.

JACK THAR: Do you know if they will process the modification request independent of the application for a gaming vessel permits?

LEE MCKINNEY: Yes.

JACK THAR: They will?

LEE MCKINNEY: The worst

case is if they do delay processing the permit modification request to the existing permit. I

believe that once the suitability
is issued they would process the

modification request as well as
the permanent application, and I

would anticipate that they could
approve the permit modification,
the existing permit, to allow construction of the modified harbour
and entrance channel to accommodate

a gaming boat for construction of a harbour and entrance channel to begin within about sixty to ninety days. Then the other work, the new permit, Phase I would be to bring in a temporary boat and construct temporary mooring facilities, but the significant difference there that we have made of the other applicants is we would be in a position in my view to start construction of a harbour much sooner than anyone else can because we have the existing permit that we're asking to modify. The major difference there is that existing permit area before you leave the site has been reviewed by all the appropriate State agencies and cleared from our Milburn report except for

completing	the	P	ha	se	9	Ι	Ι	Ι			
Archeological											

JACK THAR: How long until you open the temporary facility?

LEE MC KINNEY: I would be afraid to quote as far as construction time, would be hard.

after Corps permit? How long a How long from the day you get a certificate of suitability do you anticipate it's going to be? What we're hearing basically is that you feel you're so close to really getting a permit, far as to construct a marina, and then secondly that that's, you're just right on the edge then of getting the overall okay to go ahead with the gaming moorings and stuff. How long can you open a temporary

facility from June 1?

LEE MCKINNEY: Sixty to
ninety days. And
construction and (further remarks
inaudible.)

If you're asking me how long before the gaming vessel would be in operation?

MR. THAR: Yes.

I don't know how long the Corps approval will be.

LEE MCKINNEY: Sixty to
ninety days after they have processed the modification we could
start construction. I think we
have approval of the modification.
Then you'd have construction period
lapse. During that period the
Corps would be reviewing and processing and putting out the public
notice our permanent new applica-

tion which would be a three phase operation to bring in a temporary boat, build temporary mooring facilities. I would anticipate using Doug Shelton's rule of thumb six to nine months. And in our case because most of the forty-two acre site is environmentally clean, I think we'd be pushing the envelope quite easily to get it in six months because we don't have to start from square one, doing the wetlands, doing the archeological investigation.

JACK THAR: That's what I want to find out; six months from when?

LEE MCKINNEY: Okay. Suitability.

MR. ALANTS: Let me see if we can clarify. There is an exist-

ing permitand to build a site adjacent to the marina. We have a modification then to modify the marina.

JACK THAR: And that's sixty to ninety days.

PAUL ALANIS: We also have an application into the Corps for a temporary vessel. We're not sure how long that application will take. Historically, it's taken six months, but we think we have a competitive advantage because it deals with the exact same site that's already been permitted.

JACK THAR: So when it's all said and done we're still at the mercy of the Corps and rule of thumb that Doug Shelton has given us of six to nine months?

PAUL ALANIS: That's correct.

JACK THAR: Okay.

LEE MCKINNEY: That is in our case because we have done so much of the archeological investigation and the environmental investigations, which has not been completed and approved, at any of the sites It has been completed and approved for the forty-two acres which is the core of our site.

JACK THAR: So you could have some advantage but not enough to take it outside of the six to nine months of Doug Shelton?

LEE MCKINNEY: Oh, I think so.

JACK THAR: Well, then that is what I'm asking.

LEE MCKINNEY: I think-JACK THAR: --You think you

can beat that?

LEE MCKINNEY: Yes.

JACK THAR: I want to know how strong you are on that commitment?

LEE MCKINNEY: Based on my experience it's my view that if we were starting from scratch to get a permit this size, we'd be looking at twelve to eighteen months.

JACK THAR: I'm not asking about what you've got in hand. How soon you can open temporarily from June 1. That was an arbitrary date that you got. Most everybody else is saying six to nine months. Can you beat that?

LEE MCKINNEY: I think we can do six to nine months. I'm not confident the others can do it

in six to nine months, if I can
be very candid.

JACK THAR: I'm just asking about you. Just you.

LEE MCKINNEY: I think we could have a permit to bring a temporary boat within six months after suitability. Not six to nine months, but six months.

JACK THAR: All right.

PAUL ALANIS: Our position is it is in six to nine months' period, it's somewhere in that window of six to nine months.

JACK THAR: And you hope you're on the earlier end rather than late?

PAUL ALANIS: Exactly.

JACK THAR: All right.

Thank you. Who will staff and pay for the set up of the clinic and

maintain the personnel at the clinic at the retail space?

PAUL ALANIS: We will provide subsidy for the rent and we assume that the doctor will pay for, you know, equipment and things like that because all it will require him to do is moving an existing practice into there.

JACK THAR: So this won't be a Horseshoe run clinic; this will be an opportunity for somebody else to come in?

PAUL ALANIS: But what we wanted to do is be a facility that can provide that type of care and provide the type, uh, we think it is a perfect opportunity both for us and for someone in the community because it's appropriate in that location.

JACK THAR: That assumes

you will be able to lure a physician
to that part of Harrison County?

PAUL ALANIS: Three have indicated they would move.

JACK THAR: Who would pay for the police and/or sheriff sub-station?

PAUL ALANIS: We would provide the shell there, we would provide the building rent free.

We would provide the facility rent free and we would then have the facility operated out back but we would provide that, again, we would own the facility, it would be part of the retail center we would continue to own but we would provide it rent free.

JACK THAR: But the outfitting of the facility and the..

PAUL ALANIS: We'd build it out, of course, and we would assume that there would also be some communication equipment that would be needed. We could..

JACK THAR: Just let me ask the question.

PAUL ALANIS: Sure, I'm sorry.

JACK THAR: Are you going to completely outfit the facility and then they'll come in and be able to stay there rent free?

Are you gonna provide them with the building and they have gotta outfit it?

PAUL ALANIS: We would be willing to completely outfit the building, provide it to them so it could be used.

JACK THAR: So if they needed

a holding cell, you'd build that?

PAUL ALANIS: Haven't considered it, but we would consider it.

JACK THAR: The scholarship program.

PAUL ALANIS: Yes.

JACK THAR: And I didn't,

I just had a hard time understanding exactly how this works. It's
twenty thousand dollars. Is that
a one time twenty thousand dollar
thing for a student or five
thousand a year?

PAUL ALANIS: It's five thousand..

JACK THAR: Five thousand a year for four years?

PAUL ALANIS: That is correct. Each student would receive five thousand each year during their college.

THOMAS MILCAREK: Would that be out of the community fund that if we render in Harrison, whether it was the foundation?

THOMAS MILCAREK: Oh, it is. okay.

PAUL ALANIS: It's above that. It's beyond that.

JACK THAR: Mr. Zoeller, are you gonna participate in the creation of the golf course, or just put your name on it?

FUZZY ZOELLER: I'm glad
you said that. No, my job is to
design the golf course which you
see the layout has already been
made. As I, uh, what I do is a
consultant, I think of myself as
a player, which sometimes I feel
I am on the PGA tour, is to make
sure that this golf course doesn't

get carried away and is built into a monument like some of our golf courses that you see on TV, that are going bankrupt nowadays. But I make sure the bunkers are placed in the right position, the tee's are nice and straight, the greens and the bunker and the amount of the greens, the lakes are all in there just to add beauty; not to catch the wild golf shot. But that is my job and to build a golf course that's not only fun but challenging for everyone. I like to bring the fun back into the game.

JACK THAR: How will this course rank with the course you just built in New Albany?

FUZZY ZOELLER: What, at Covered Bridge?

JACK THAR: Yes.

FUZZY ZOELLER: It will be comparable to that.

JACK THAR: Comparable?

FUZZY ZOELLER: Yes sir. I
will put it right up in that class.
And I'm very proud of the Covered
Bridge project we have there in
Sellersburg, and my job again was
to build a course that people
could enjoy coming out and having
fun. It's gonna be a beautiful
setting right here. Very playable
by all. Even the ladies.

ANN BOCHNOWSKI: Okay, you are recovering.

ROBERT SWAN: And, Mr.

Thar, that wasn't a relationship

that was formed this morning.

He has known Jack for about nine

years and they've been good friends.

ANN BOCHNOWSKI: Does anybody else have more questions?

Okay. We'll be starting
back here in the morning at 8:15
and I thank you very much for

all your time in answering our

(RECESS)

questions. Thank you.

(THIS CONCLUDES ALL OF THE PROCEEDINGS IN CONNECTION TO THE GAMING HEARINGS OF THE INDIANA GAMING COMMISSION ON MAY 7, 1996.)